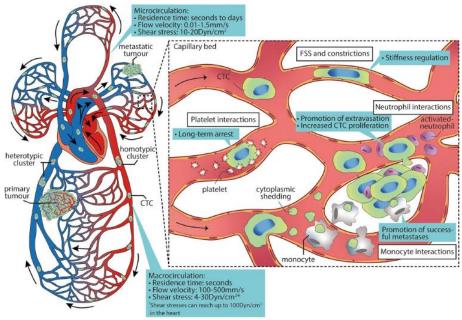
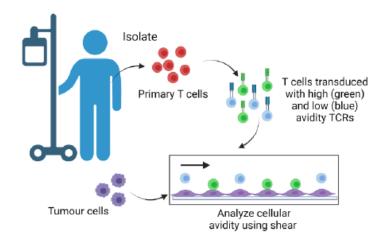


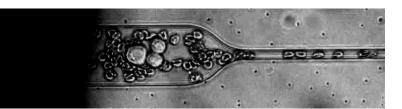
Metastasis

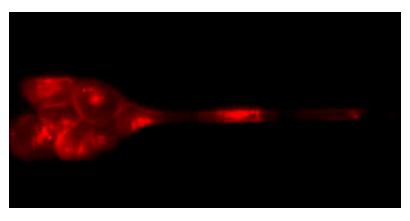


Vrynas, Paizal, Bakal & Au Clin. & Exp. Met. 2021

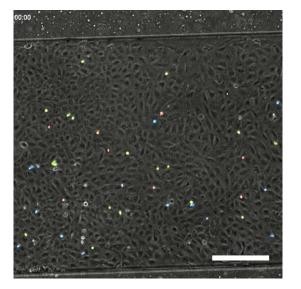
Drug Screening & Immunotherapy







Au et al. PNAS 2016



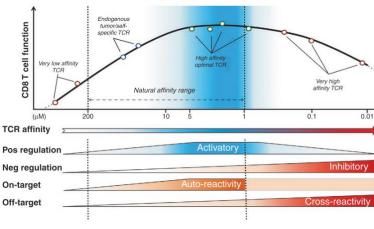
Microfluidic T Cell Selection by Cellular Avidity

TCR selection is challenging



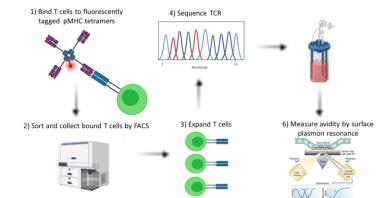
Binding strength "Avidity" may aid selection of TCRs that provoke optimal immune responses

Nearly 1 trillion distinct TCRs in humans



Schmid et al. J. Immunology 2017

Current methods are inefficient & not cell-cell





Julian Ashby (Imperial)



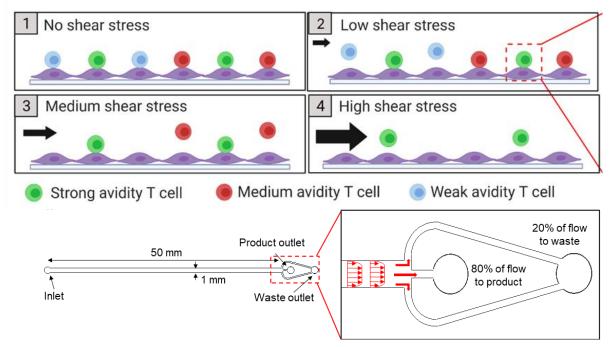
Li Tang (EPFL)



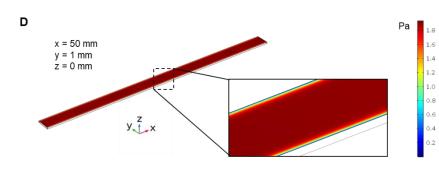
Julien Schmidt/Alexandre Harari (CHUV – Lausanne)

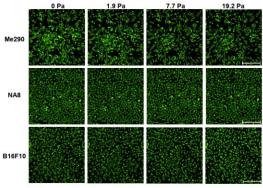
Can Microfluidics Accelerate T Cell Selection in Solid Tumours?

Fluid Shear Stress Based Selection

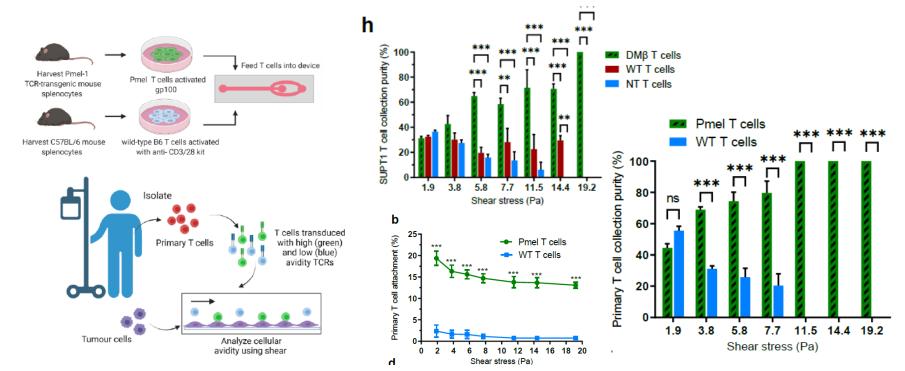


Requires: ~Uniform Shear Stress Distribution & Strong Tumour Cell Adhesion

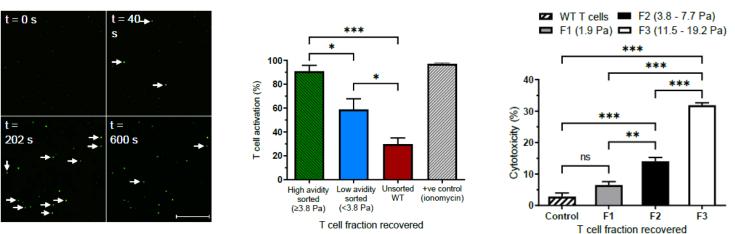




Collects high avidity T cells w/ up to 100% Purity



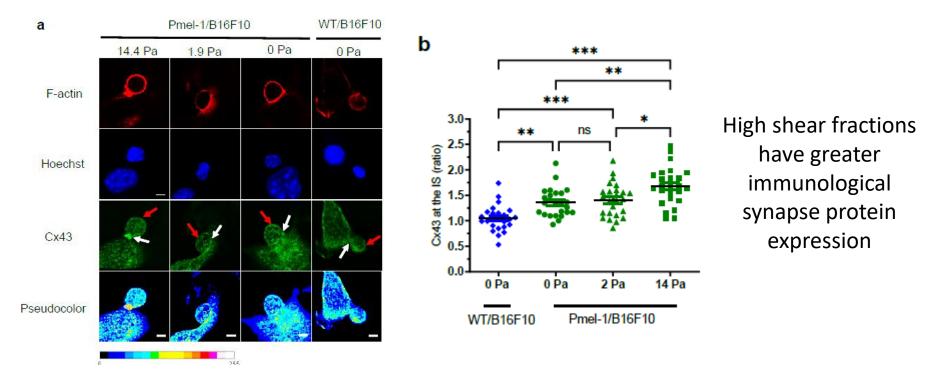
High avidity fractions provoke greater T cell activation & cytotoxicity



5

Holistic "Cellular Avidity" selection

Unlike multimer methods, probe all cell-cell interactions not just TCR-pMHC



- Selects high functional T cells by physiological cell-cell interactions
- Can probe up to 10,000 interacting cell pairs per device in <1 hour
- Recovers live-cell fractions based on avidity w/ up to 100% purity
- Compatible with supplemental fluorescent, luminescent & functional on-chip assays

Microfluidic opportunities in Pancreatic Cancer:

- Immunotherapy
- Drug screening & delivery
- Cancer cell migration
- Stromal interactions
- Tumour evolution & heterogeneity
- Dormancy & metastasis
- Tumour-on-chip & organon-chip models





