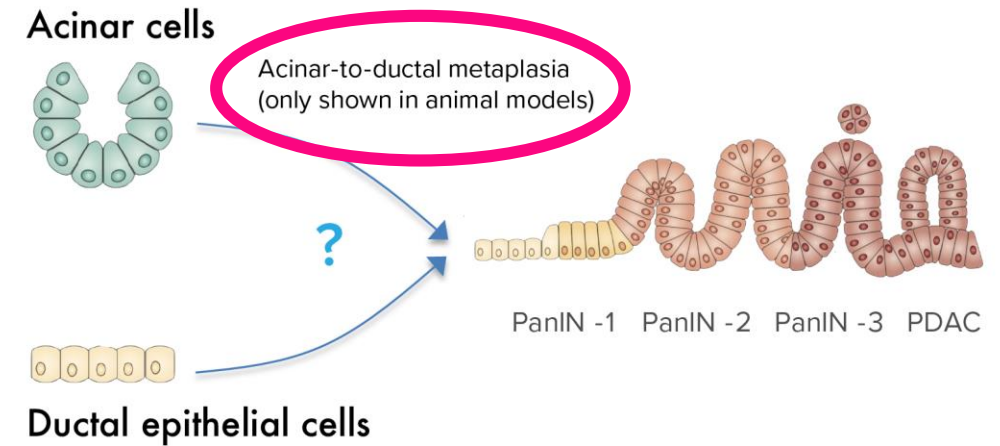
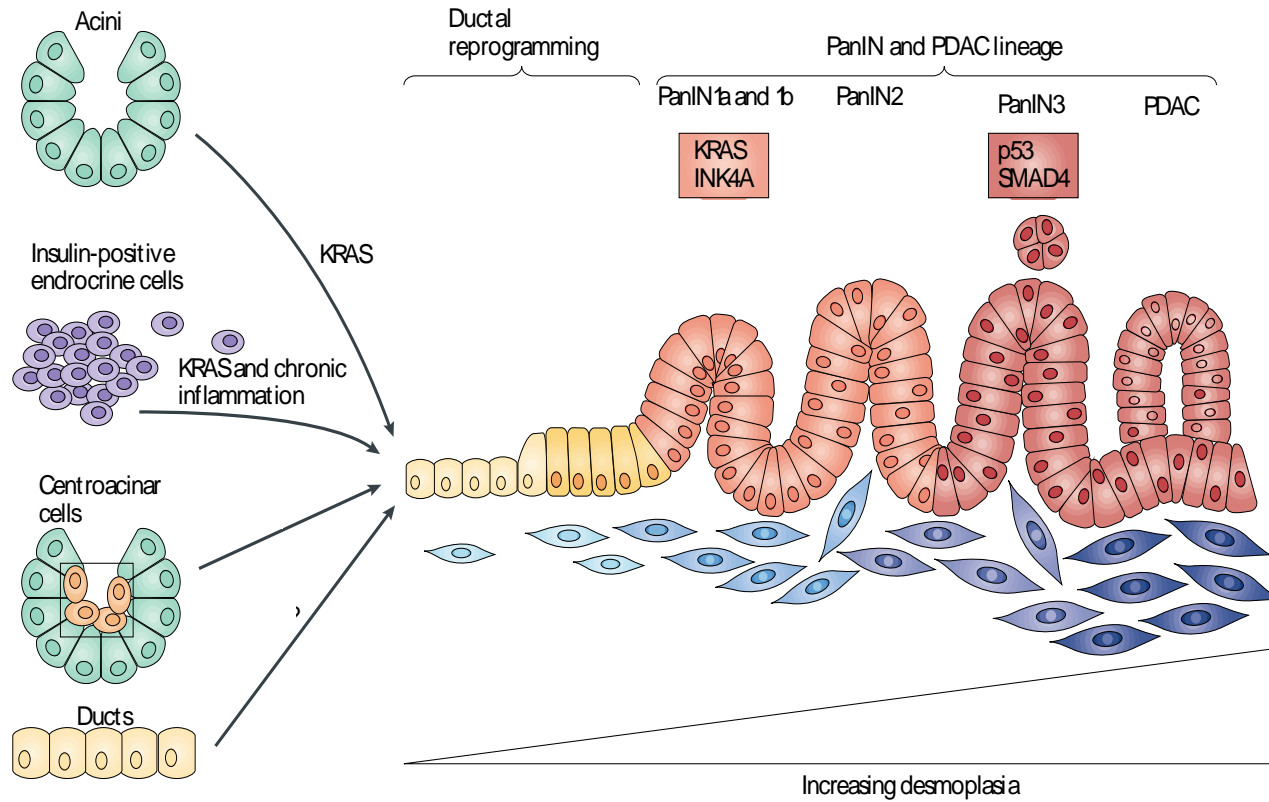


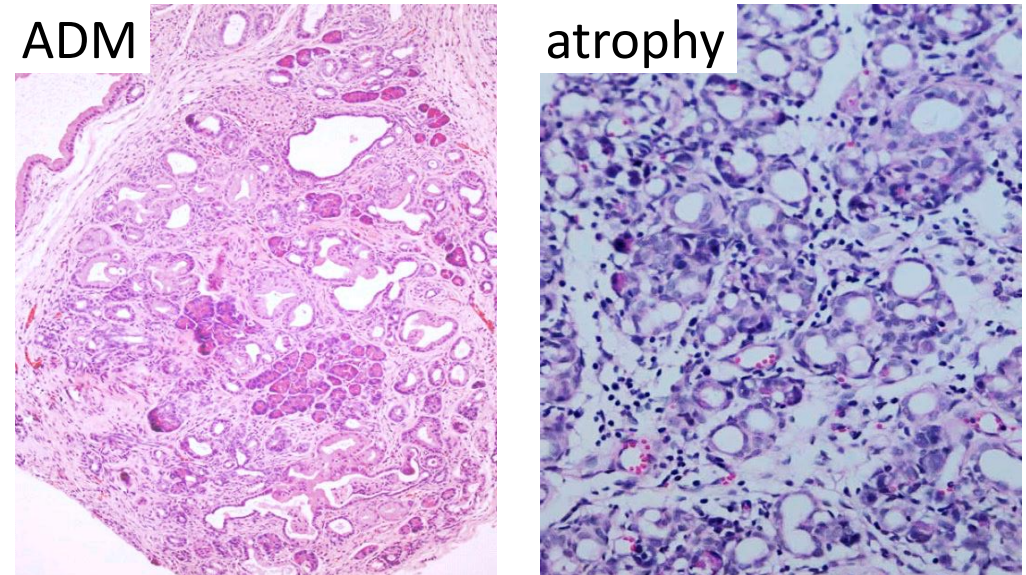
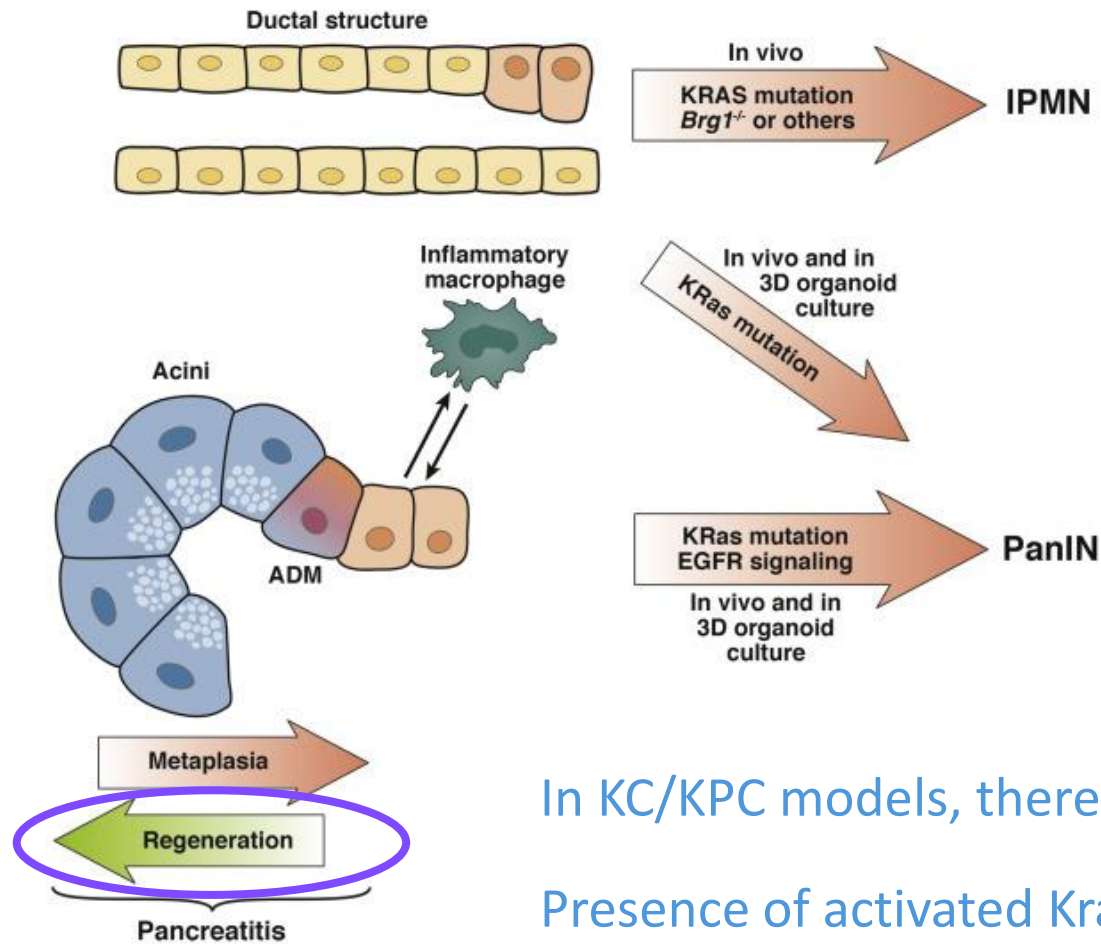
Cell of Origin Studies – Morton Lab

Curtis Rink – CRUK Beatson

PDAC Progression – multiple cells of origin?



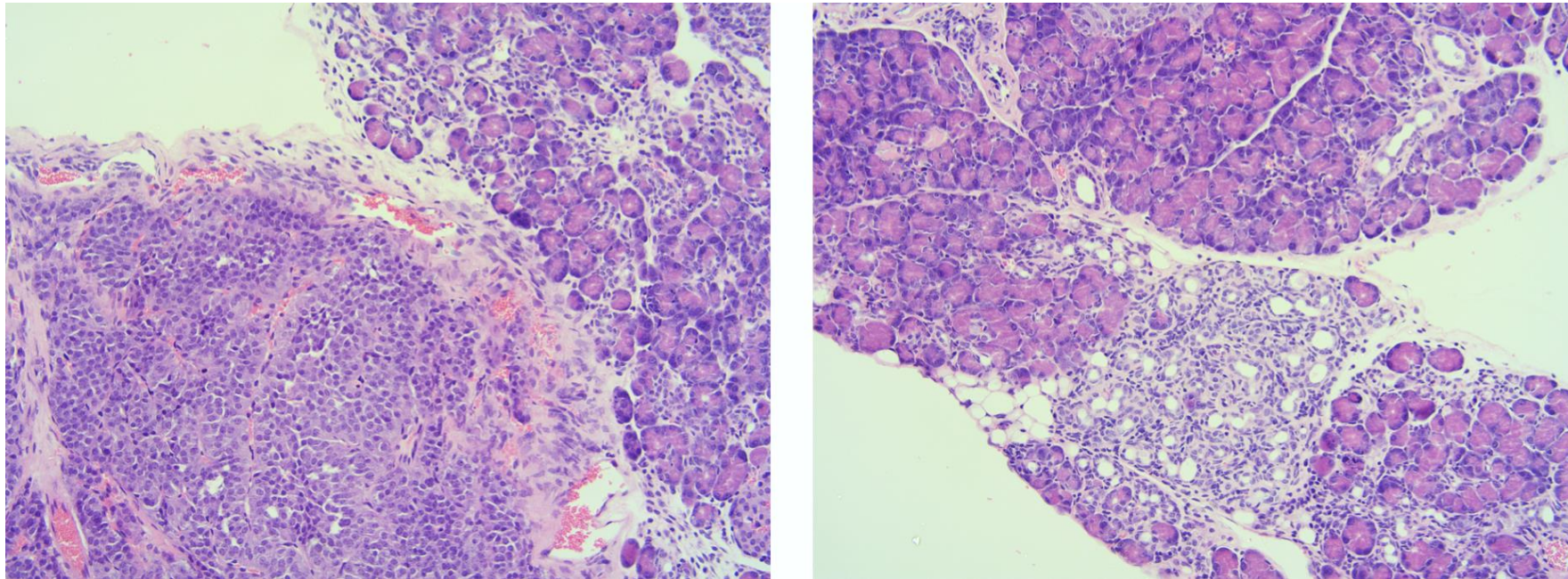
Acinar-Ductal Metaplasia



In KC/KPC models, there are multiple lesions leading to inflammation.

Presence of activated Kras in most of the tissue means damage can never resolve.

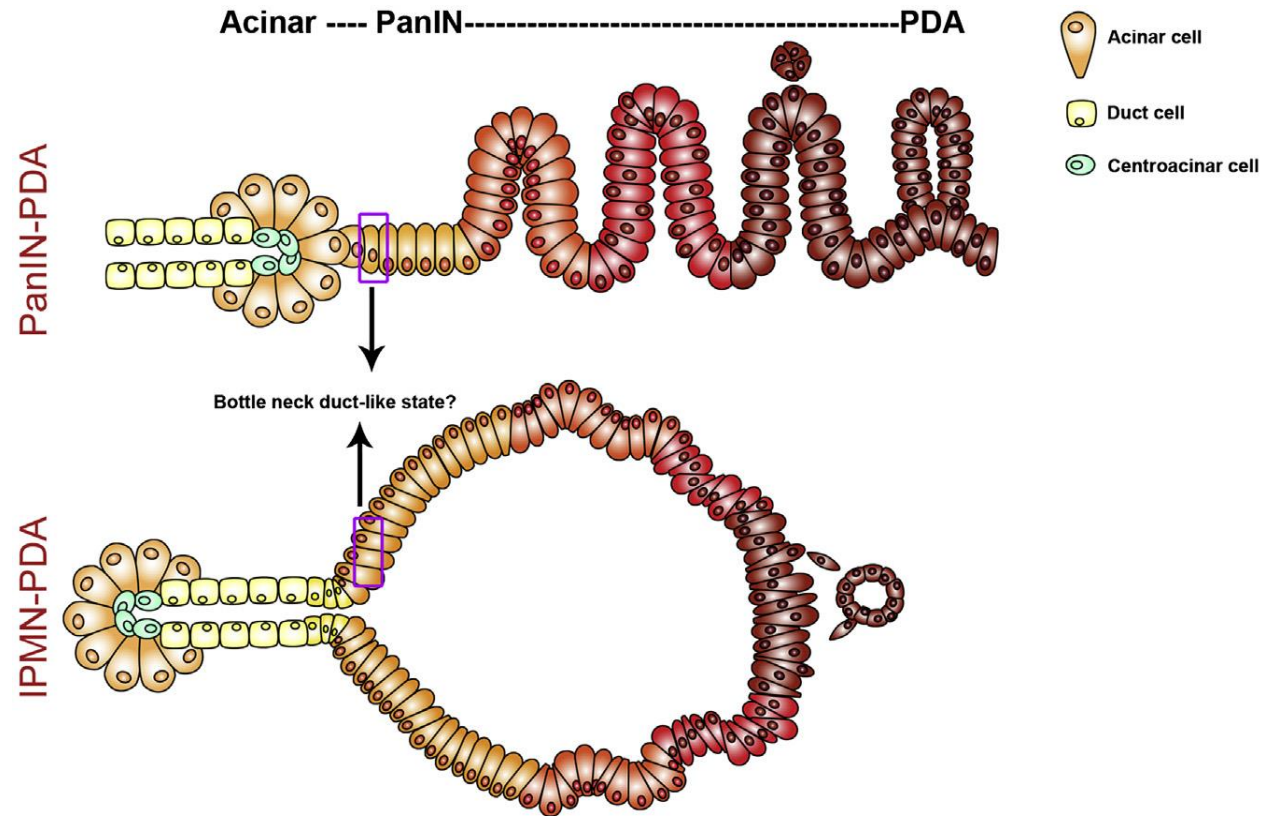
ADM-like acinar atrophy occurs even in absence of PDAC



Acinar atrophy in response to endocrine tumour

PDAC progression – PanIN v IPMN?

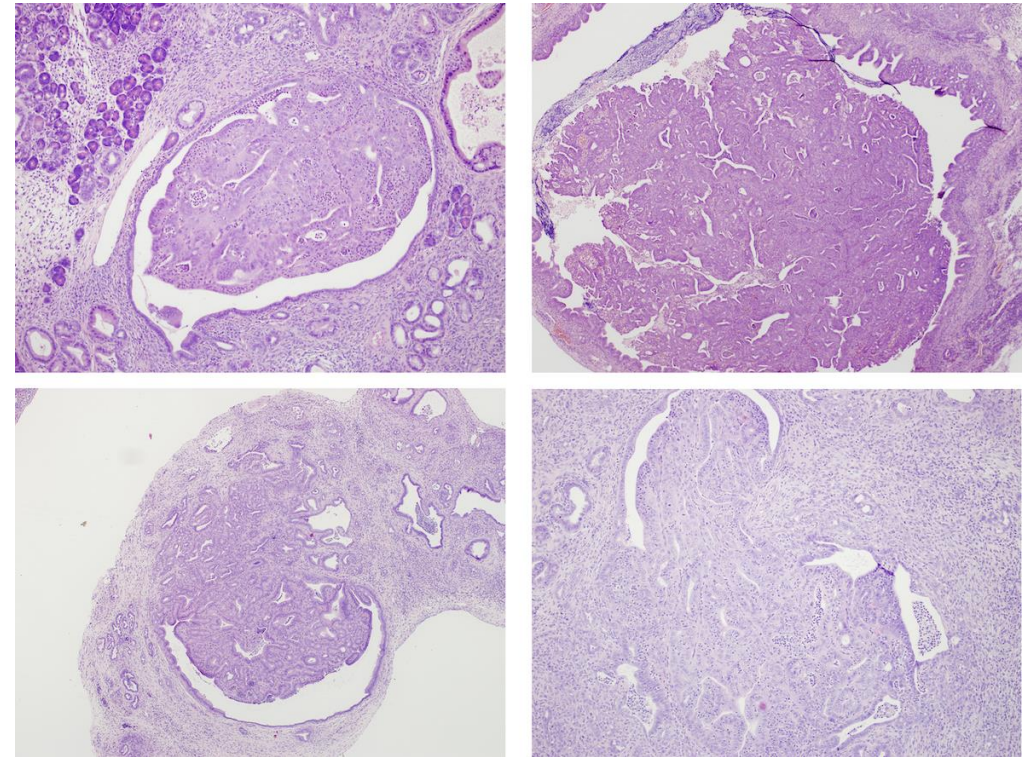
- IPMN has been proposed as the progression route from duct



IPMN = intraductal papillary mucinous neoplasm

What if we use ductal Cres instead?

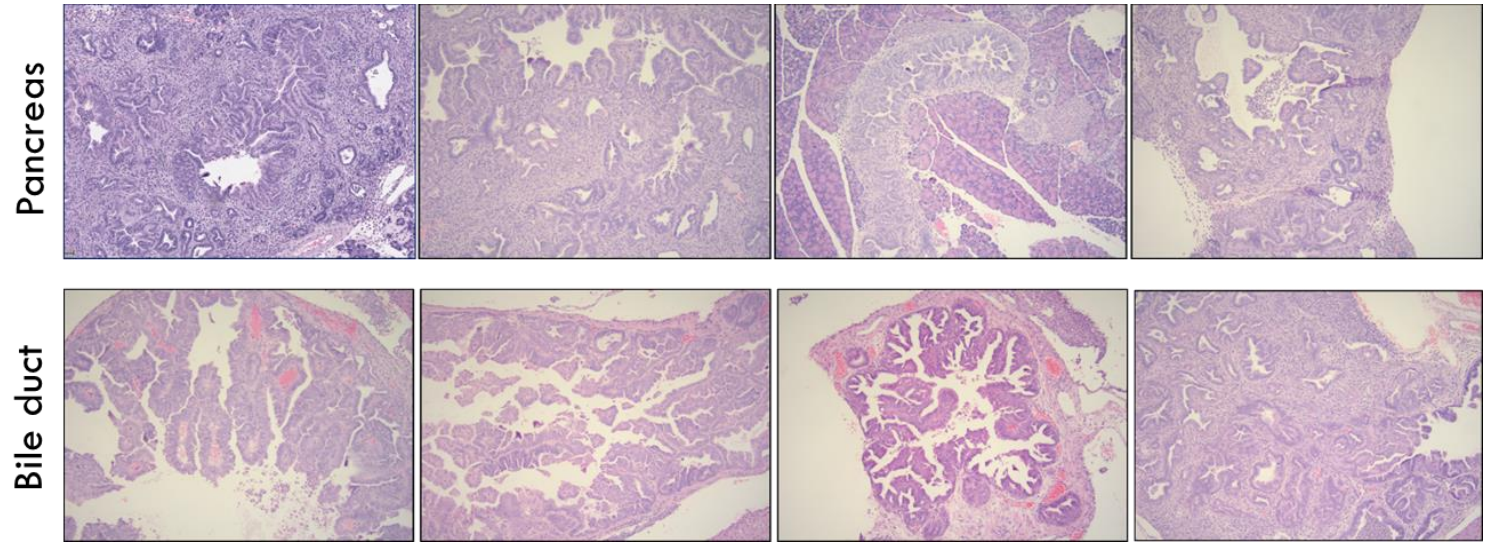
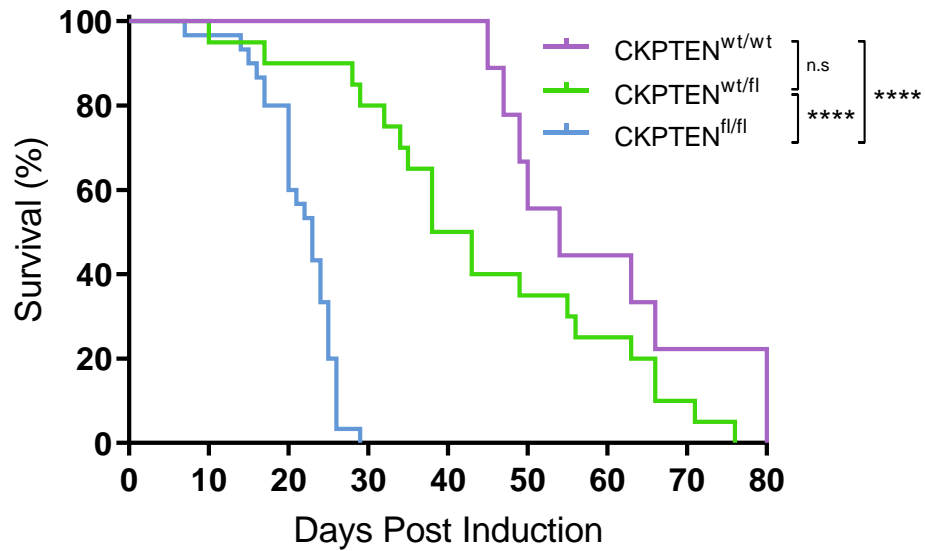
- Ductal Cres?
 - CK19-CreER
 - Sox9-CreER
 - + KrasG12D etc.
- Pten deletion is our best driver on the regular KC model, and tumours looked of ductal origin
- So we developed ductal-cre driven models of Pten deletion first....



IPMN common in KC Pten model

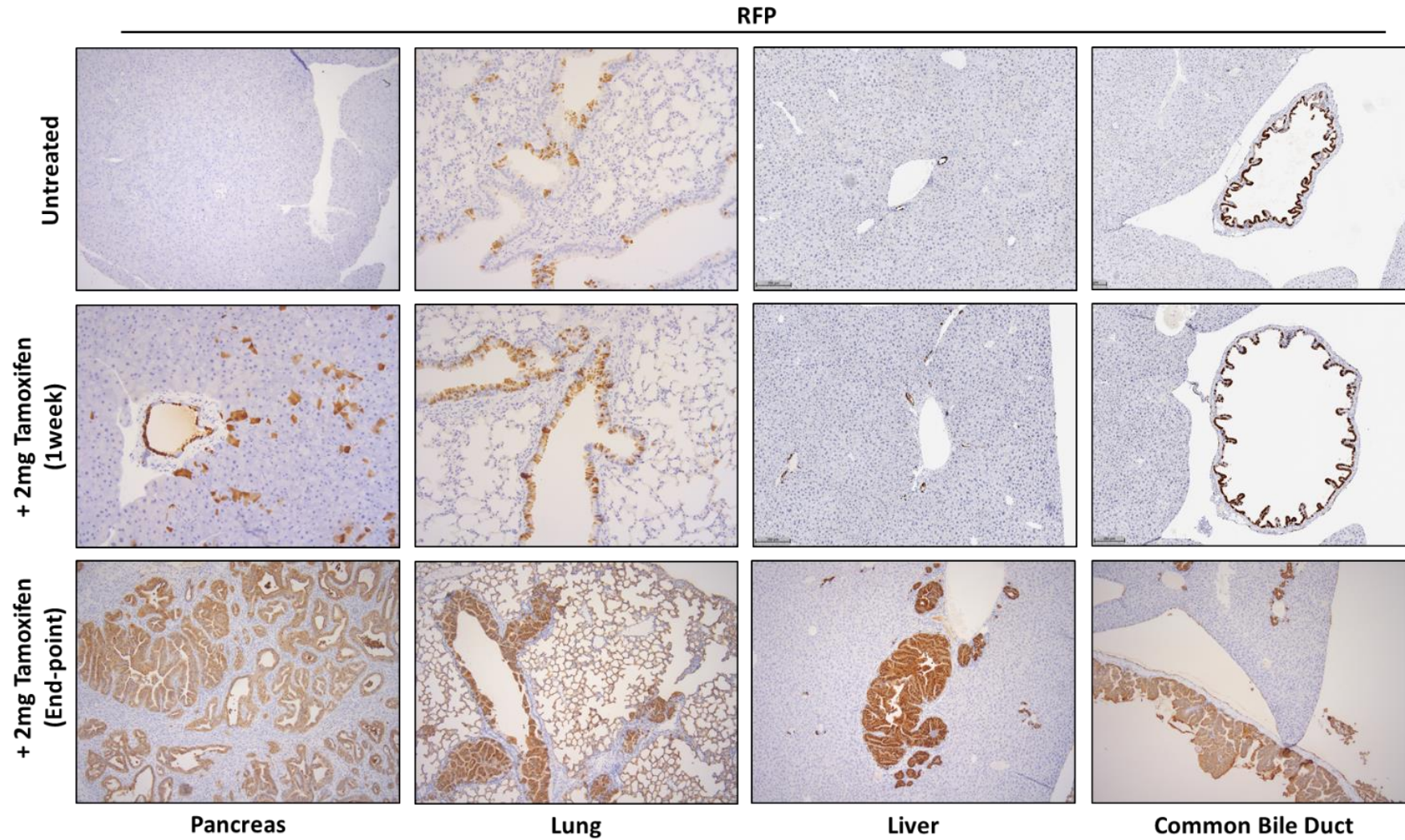
Bad news:

CK19-CreER; Kras^{G12D/+}; Pten^{fl/fl}

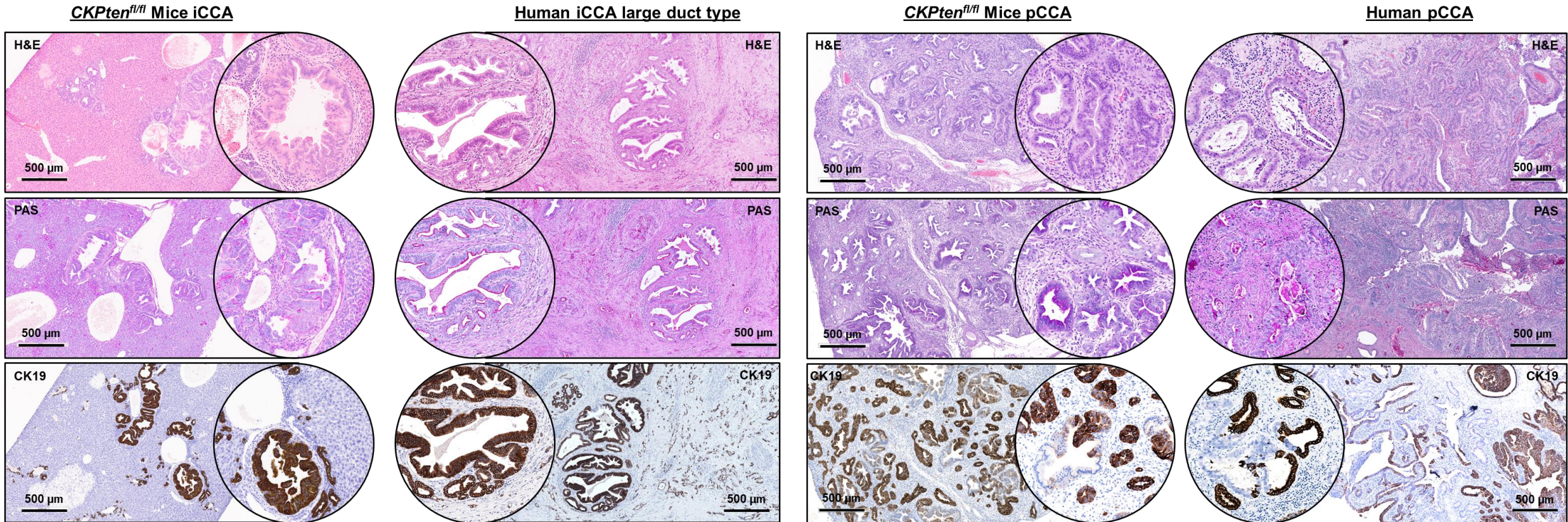


Lung tumours also major issue in Pten WT or Het

...not surprising



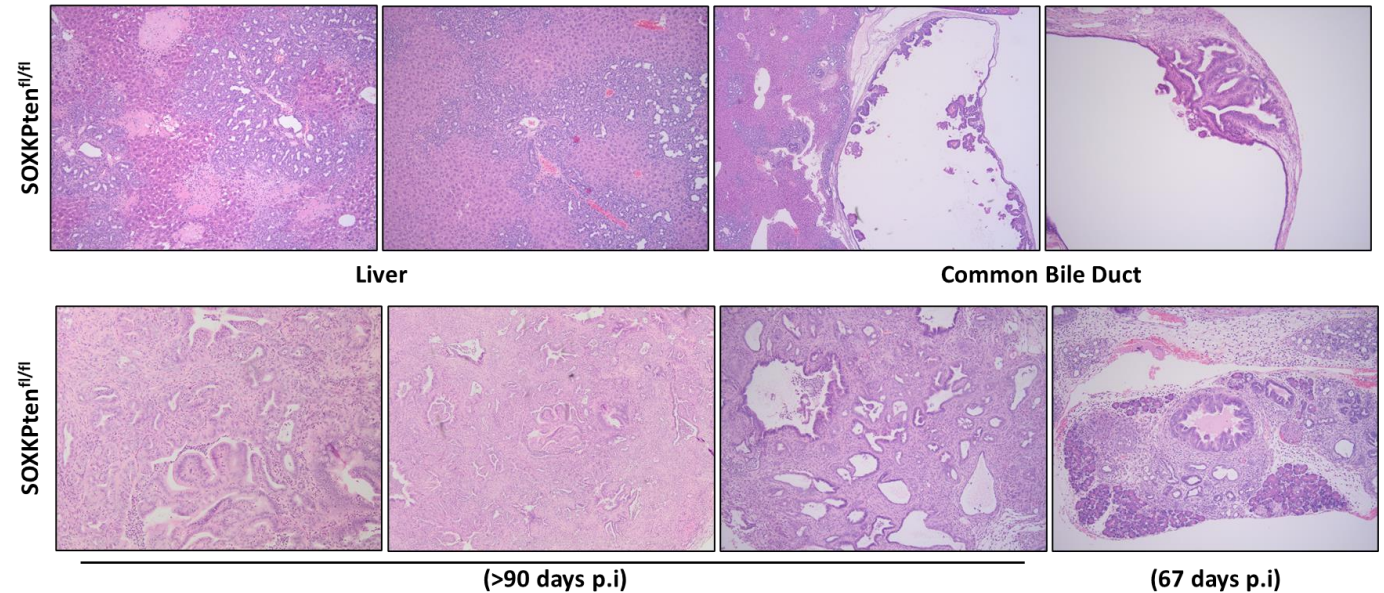
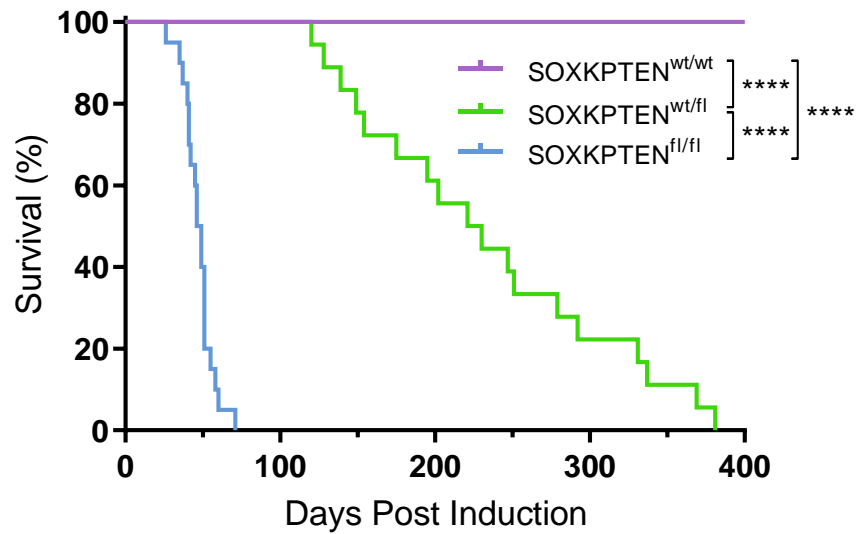
Aside...Mouse CCA strongly resemble human CCA



Intrahepatic

Perihilar

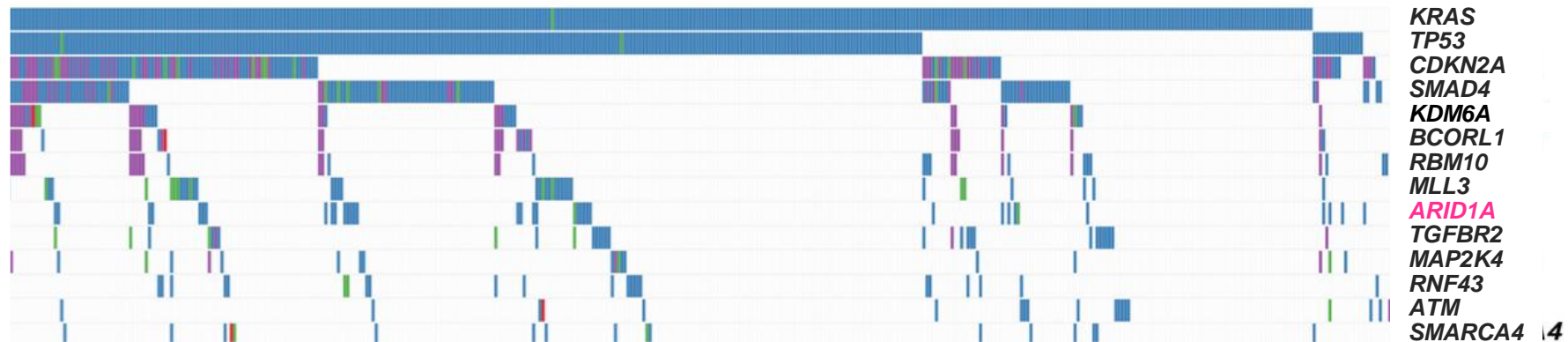
Similar phenotype in Sox9-CreER model



(although iCCA resemble human small duct type, rather than large duct type in the CK19 model)

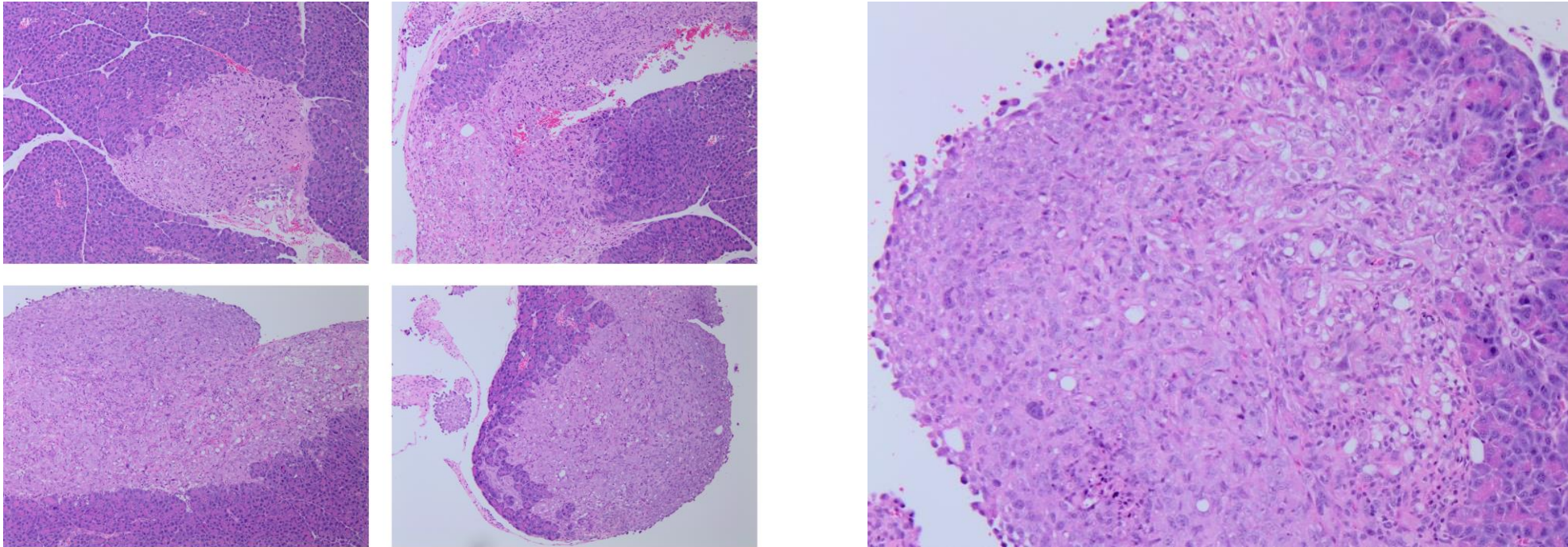
Arid1a

- Commonly mutated in cancer, including pancreatic cancer
- On a p48-Cre, KrasG12D background, Arid1a deletion drives IPMN and PDAC



Arid1a deletion from in CK19-CreER model

- Very undifferentiated carcinomas
- Centro-acinar origin??????

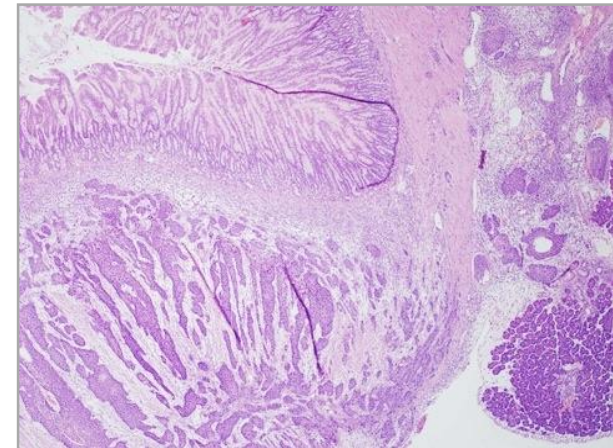
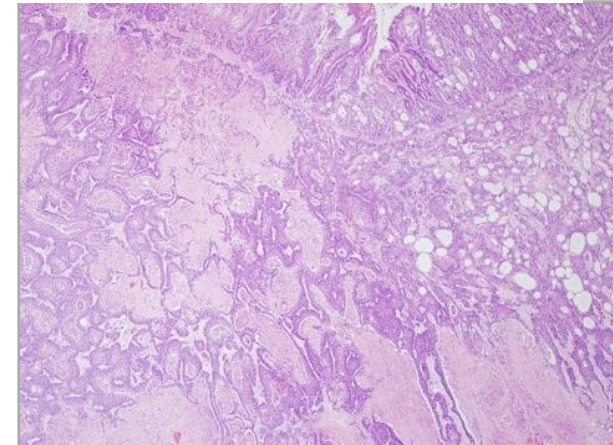


But no phenotype so far on Sox9-CreER model

TGF β R1 / Smad4 deletion

- Pancreatic tumourigenesis is dramatically accelerated in KC and KPC mice
 - Some very glandular looking
- But stomach tumors too (and frequent SCCs)
 - Deletion expands pool of cells of origin?

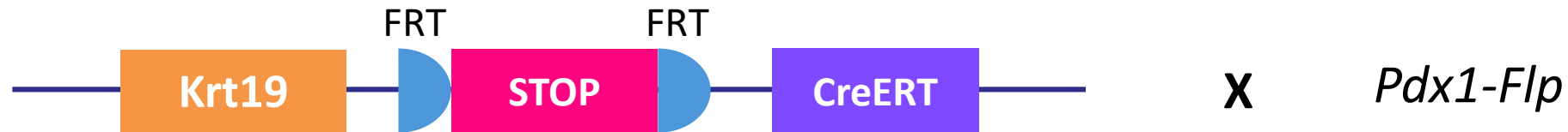
KC TGF β R1^{fl/fl} stomach tumours



But no PDAC so far on ductal models after 1yr

What next?

Krt19-FSF-Cre^{ERT2}



- Duct-specific inducible Cre specifically in the pancreas (tuneable with 4OHT?)
- Cross with *LSL-Kras^{G12D/+}*
- *and Trp53^{R172H/+} and Smad4^{fl/+} and Cdkn2a^{fl/+} ??*
- Can we allow loss of 2nd copies of TSGs spontaneously and get somewhere close to physiologically relevant evolution/progression?

Team Pancreas

